

Virtual Topologies

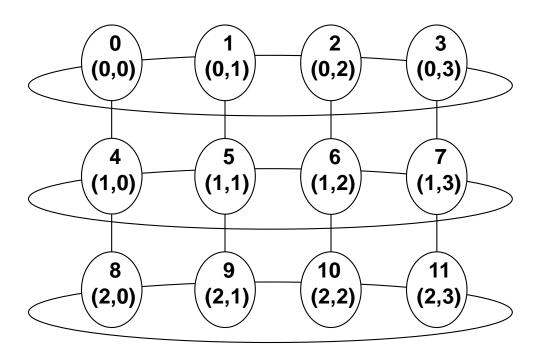


- Convenient process naming.
- Naming scheme to fit the communication pattern.
- Simplifies writing of code.
- Can allow MPI to optimise communications.



- Creating a topology produces a new communicator.
- MPI provides ``mapping functions".
- Mapping functions compute processor ranks, based on the topology naming scheme.

A 2-dimensional Cylinder





Cartesian topologies

- each process is "connected" to its neighbours in a virtual grid.
 - boundaries can be cyclic, or not.
 - optionally re-order ranks to allow MPI implementation to optimise for underlying network interconnectivity.
- processes are identified by cartesian coordinates.

Graph topologies

- general graphs
- not covered here



C

Fortran:

```
INTEGER COMM_OLD, NDIMS, DIMS(*), COMM_CART, IERROR
LOGICAL PERIODS(*), REORDER
```



C:

Fortran:

```
MPI_DIMS_CREATE(NNODES, NDIMS, DIMS, IERROR)
INTEGER NNODES, NDIMS, DIMS(*), IERROR
```



Call tries to set dimensions as close to each other as possible

dims before the call	function call	dims on return
(0, 0)	MPI_DIMS_CREATE(6, 2, dims)	(3, 2)
(0, 0)	MPI_DIMS_CREATE(7, 2, dims)	(7, 1)
(0, 3, 0)	MPI_DIMS_CREATE(6, 3, dims)	(2, 3, 1)
(0, 3, 0)	MPI_DIMS_CREATE(7, 3, dims)	erroneous call

- Non zero values in dims sets the number of processors required in that direction.
 - WARNING:- make sure dims is set to 0 before the call!



Mapping process grid coordinates to ranks

C:

Fortran:

```
MPI_CART_RANK (COMM, COORDS, RANK, IERROR)
```

INTEGER COMM, COORDS (*), RANK, IERROR



Mapping ranks to process grid coordinates

C:

Fortran:

```
MPI_CART_COORDS(COMM, RANK, MAXDIMS, COORDS, IERROR)
```

INTEGER COMM, RANK, MAXDIMS, COORDS(*), IERROR



Computing ranks of my neighbouring processes Following conventions of MPI_SendRecv

C:

Fortran:

```
MPI_CART_SHIFT(COMM, DIRECTION, DISP,

RANK_SOURCE, RANK_DEST, IERROR)

INTEGER COMM, DIRECTION, DISP,

RANK SOURCE, RANK DEST, IERROR
```



- What if you ask for the rank of a non-existent process?
 - or look off the edge of a non-periodic grid?
- MPI returns a NULL processor
 - rank is MPI_PROC_NULL
- MPI_PROC_NULL is a black hole
 - sends and receives complete immediately
 - send buffer disappears, receive buffer isn't touched
 - like UNIX /dev/null



- Cut a grid up into "slices".
- A new communicator is produced for each slice.
- Each slice can then perform its own collective communications.
- MPI_Cart_sub and MPI_CART_SUB generate new communicators for the slices.
 - Use array to specify which dimensions should be retained in the new communicator.

C:

```
int MPI Cart sub (MPI Comm comm,
        int *remain dims,
        MPI Comm *newcomm)
```

Fortran:

```
MPI CART SUB (COMM, REMAIN DIMS,
              NEWCOMM, IERROR)
INTEGER COMM, NEWCOMM, IERROR
```

LOGICAL REMAIN DIMS (*)

- See Exercise 6 on the sheet
- Rewrite the exercise passing numbers round the ring using a one-dimensional ring topology.