ARCHER/RDF Overview

How do they fit together?

Andy Turner, EPCC a.turner@epcc.ed.ac.uk













www.epcc.ed.ac.uk www.archer.ac.uk





Outline

ARCHER/RDF

- Layout
- Available file systems
- Compute resources
 - ARCHER Compute Nodes
 - ARCHER Pre/Post-Processing (PP) Nodes
 - RDF Data Analytic Cluster (DAC)
- Data transfer resources
 - ARCHER Login Nodes
 - ARCHER PP Nodes
 - RDF Data Transfer Nodes (DTNs)





ARCHER and **RDF**







ARCHER

- UK National Supercomputer
- Large parallel compute resource
 - Cray XC30 system
 - 118,080 Intel Xeon cores
 - High performance interconnect
- Designed for large parallel calculations
- Two file systems
 - /home Store source code, key project data, etc.
 - /work Input and output from calculations, not long-term storage







RDF

- Large scale data storage (~20 PiB)
 - For data under active use, i.e. not an archive
 - Multiple file systems available depending on project
- Modest data analysis compute resource
 - Standard Linux cluster
 - High-bandwidth connection to disks
- Data transfer resources







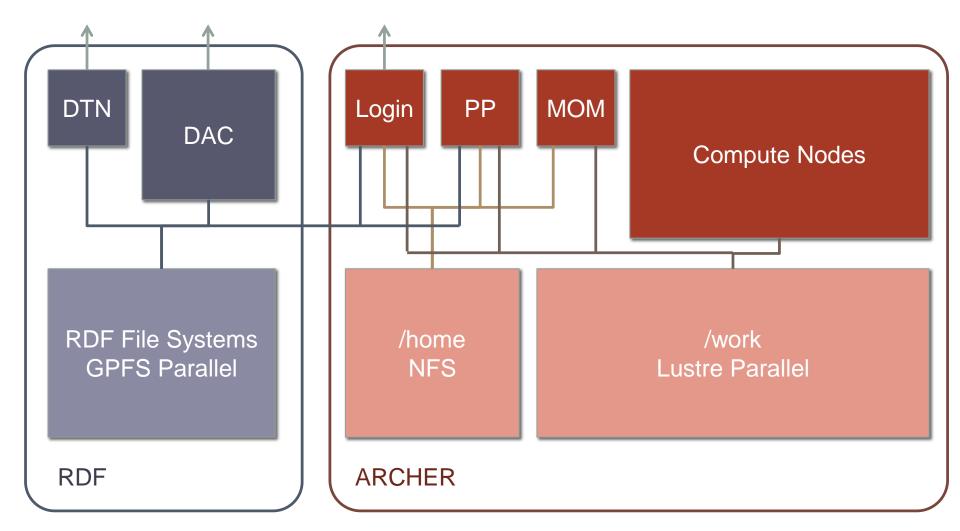
Terminology

- ARCHER
 - Login Login nodes
 - PP Serial Pre-/Post-processing nodes
 - MOM PBS job launcher nodes
 - /home Standard NFS file system
 - /work Lustre parallel file system
 - ARCHER installation is a Sonexion Lustre file system
- RDF
 - DAC Data Analytic Cluster
 - DTN Data Transfer Node
 - GPFS General Parallel File System
 - RDF parallel file system technology from IBM
 - Multiple file systems available on RDF GPFs









Available File Systems





ARCHER

- /home
 - Standard NFS file system
 - Backed up daily
 - Low-performance, limited space
 - Mounted on: Login, PP, MOM (not Compute Nodes)
- /work
 - Parallel Lustre file system
 - No backup
 - High performance read/write (not open/stat), large space (>4 PiB)
 - Mounted on: Login, PP, MOM, Compute Nodes





RDF

- /epsrc, /nerc, /general
 - Parallel GPFS file system
 - Backed up for disaster recovery
 - High performance (read/write/open/stat), v. large space (>20 PiB)
 - Mounted on: DTN, DAC, Login, PP





Compute Resources





ARCHER

- Compute Nodes:
 - 4920 nodes with 24 cores each (118,080 cores total)
 - 64/128 GB memory per node
 - Designed for parallel jobs (serial not well supported)
 - /work file system only
 - Accessed by batch system only
- PP Nodes
 - 2 nodes with 64 cores each (256 hyperthreads in total)
 - 1 TB memory per node
 - Designed for serial/shared-memory jobs
 - RDF file systems available
 - Access directly or via batch system





RDF

- Data Analytic Cluster
 - 12 standard compute nodes: 40 HyperThreads, 128 GB Memory
 - 2 large compute nodes: 64 HyperThreads, 2 TB Memory
 - Direct Infiniband connections to RDF file systems
 - Access via batch system
 - Designed for data-intensive workloads in parallel or serial





Data Transfer Resources

ARCHER to/from RDF

- Primary resource is PP nodes
 - Mounts ARCHER and RDF file systems
- Interactive data transfer can use ARCHER Login nodes
 - Mounts ARCHER and RDF file systems
 - Small amounts of data only
- To outside world
 - RDF Data Transfer Nodes (DTNs) for large files
 - ARCHER Login Nodes for small amounts of data only





Summary





ARCHER/RDF

- ARCHER and the RDF are separate systems
- Some RDF file systems are mounted on ARCHER login and PP nodes
 - To enable easy data transfer (e.g. for analysis or transfer off site)
- A variety of file systems are available
 - Each has its own use case
 - Data management plan should consider which is best suited at each stage in data lifecycle
- Variety of compute resources available



